Annex 2

Use of gloves in the community/ in public places

Although wearing gloves is important to prevent transmission of COVID-19 infection in the health care setting, it is of limited use in the community. Other preventive measures such as keeping a distance (at least 1M) from others, washing hands with soap and water for 20 seconds (or using a hand sanitizer with 70% alcohol), and wearing a face mask when going out are important than wearing gloves in public.

Indications to wear gloves in the community

1. Cleaning staff - when cleaning and disinfecting surfaces/shared equipment or items in a workplace or a public place. Heavy-duty gloves or latex gloves are used.

2. Laundry staff - when handling dirty linen. Heavy-duty gloves or latex gloves are used.

3. Food handlers in hotels, restaurants, eateries, food delivery vehicles - when handling/serving ready to eat food. Gloves prepared from material safe for use in food or food packaging are used. Use of food tongs would be a better option than gloves.

4. Personnel working in service counters- when handling cash and credit cards. Latex gloves are used.

5. Personnel working in economic centres – when handling, loading and unloading of goods. Heavy-duty gloves or latex gloves are used.

6. People when caring for a sick person and cleaning the surroundings. Latex gloves are used.

Gloves not recommended

- During shopping or using ATMs.
- Personnel working in filling stations
- People using public transport
- Drivers and conductors of public transport

While using disposable gloves

- People should be trained about doing and undoing gloves.
- Utmost care should be taken not to contaminate gloves in between.
• If contamination is suspected, a new pair of gloves should be done.
• Remove them carefully avoiding contamination of the wearer and the surroundings.
• Discard them into a lidded bin lined with a bag.
• Wash hands with soap and water after removing gloves.

Disadvantages of using gloves

• Gives a false assurance of protection
• The wearer disregards more effective measures which prevent transmission of the virus
• If the wearer does not change the gloves in between use, the items/surfaces touched will get contaminated.